

Results from a Phase II study of efitlagimod alpha (soluble LAG-3 protein) and pembrolizumab in patients with PD-L1 unselected metastatic non-small cell lung carcinoma

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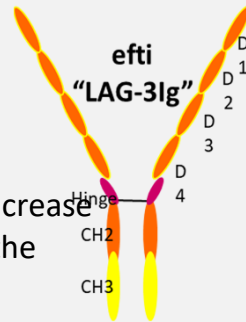
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Eftilagimod alpha (efti) MoA

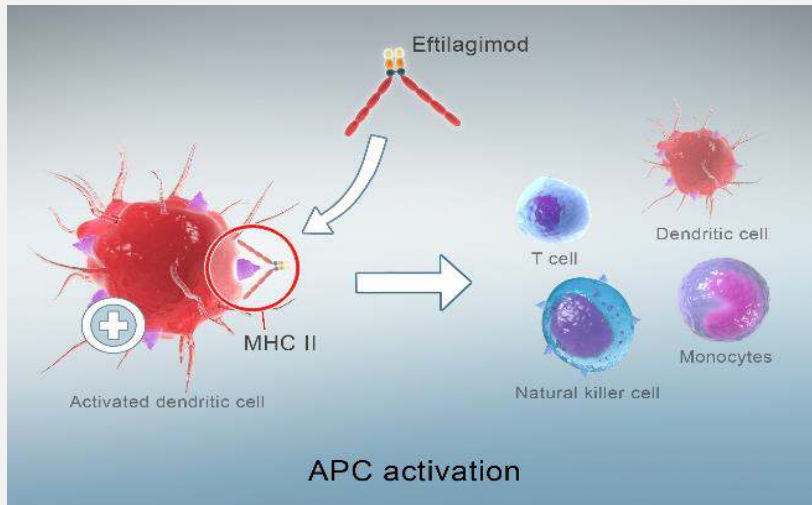
TACTI-002 TRIAL DESIGN & INTRODUCTION

MoA: Efti is a soluble LAG-3 protein targeting a subset of MHC class II molecules to mediate antigen presenting cells (APCs) and CD8 T-cell activation.

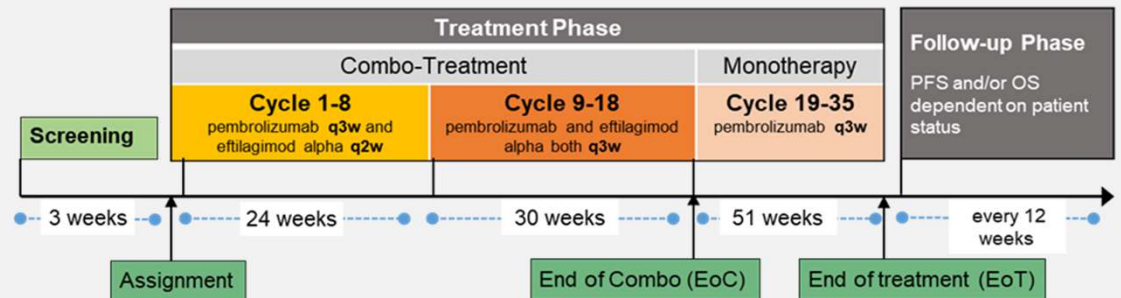
Rationale: Efti activates APCs, leading to an increase in activated T cells, thus potentially reducing the number of non-responders to PD-1/PD-L1 antagonists (e.g. pembrolizumab).



“PUSHING THE ACCELERATOR ON IMMUNE RESPONSES”



- Phase II, multinational, open label, PD-L1 all-comer, multiple indications
- Up to 183 pts in a Simon's optimal two-stage design (NCT:NCT03625323)
- Sponsored by Immunetep and in collaboration with MSD



Legend: 1 cycle = 3 weeks; q2w – every 2 weeks, q3w every 3 weeks

- Eligible patients for part A (1st line NSCLC) include:
 - patients **unselected for PD-L1** with advanced NSCLC (stage IIIB unamenable to curative treatment, or stage IV unamenable to EGFR/ALK-based therapy), treatment-naïve for advanced/ metastatic disease and immunotherapy-naïve
- 36 patients enrolled into stage 1 + 2 (LPI: Jun 2020)
- Extension (part A) ongoing +74 patients (actively recruiting and no efficacy reported)
- Primary objective is overall response rate acc. to iRECIST**
- Secondary objectives include PFS, OS, PK, biomarker, PD, safety and tolerability
- Data cut-off was 16th April 2021 (interim data)

TACTI-002: Phase II of efti and pembrolizumab in 1st line metastatic NSCLC (Part A)

SAFETY*

Table 1: Treatment-emergent adverse events occurring ≥ 15 %*

| Adverse event by PT | Any grade N (%) | Grade 3 N (%) | Grade 4/5 N (%) |
|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| Asthenia | 18 (34.6) | 2 (3.8) | - |
| Cough | 15 (28.8) | 1 (1.9) | - |
| Dyspnoea | 15 (28.8) | 7 (13.5) | - |
| Decreased appetite | 13 (25.0) | 1 (1.9) | - |
| Fatigue | 12 (23.2) | - | - |
| Diarrhoea | 11 (21.2) | 1 (1.9) | - |
| Pruritus | 11 (21.2) | - | - |
| Constipation | 10 (19.2) | - | - |
| Anaemia | 10 (19.2) | 2 (3.8) | - |
| Back pain | 8 (15.4) | 2 (3.8) | - |
| Nausea | 8 (15.4) | - | - |

Table 2: General overview adverse events*

| Safety parameter | N (%) |
|---|-------------------|
| Patients with any TEAE | 48 (92.3) |
| Patients with any SAE | 18 (34.6) |
| thereof related to efti/pembro | 3 (5.8) / 3 (5.8) |
| Patients with any grade ≥ 3 TEAE | 27 (51.9) |
| thereof related to efti/pembro | 4 (7.7) / 5 (9.6) |
| Patients with fatal TEAEs | 5 (9.6) |
| thereof related to efti /pembro | 0 |
| Patients with TEAEs leading to discontinuation of any study treatment | 6 (11.5) |
| thereof related to efti /pembro | 3 (5.8) / 2 (3.8) |

* - Safety is displayed for all patients (n=52) recruited who received ≥ 1 treatment

TACTI-002: Phase II of efi and pembrolizumab in 1st line metastatic NSCLC (Part A)

BASELINE CHARACTERISTICS & EFFICACY*

Table 3: Baseline Disease Characteristics*

| Baseline parameters | N (%) |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Age (years), median (range) | 68.5 (53-84) |
| Female / Male | 11 (30.6) / 25 (69.4) |
| ECOG 0 / ECOG 1 | 15 (41.7) / 21 (58.3) |
| Current / Ex- or Non-smokers | 2 (5.6) / 34 (94.4) |
| Squamous / Non-squamous pathology | 15 (41.7) / 21 (58.3) |
| Patients with liver metastasis | 14 (38.9) |

Table 4: Tumor Response*

| Best overall response, iRECIST | Local Read (investigator) N (%) | Blinded Read (BICR) N (%) |
|--|---------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Complete Response | 2 (5.6) | 2 (5.6) |
| Partial Response | 11 (30.6) | 13 (36.1) |
| Stable Disease | 11 (30.6) | 10 (27.8) |
| Progression | 8 (22.2) | 6 (16.7) |
| Not evaluable** | 4 (11.1) | 5 (13.9) |
| Disease Control Rate | 24 (66.7) | 25 (69.4) |
| Overall Response Rate* [95 % CI interval] | 13 (36.1) [20.8-53.8] | 15 (41.7) [25.5-59.2] |
| Overall Response Rate – Evaluable pts*** [95 % CI interval] | 13 (40.6) [23.7-59.4] | 15 (48.4) [30.1-60.9] |

* - All patients stage 1 and 2 (N=36) with ≥ 1 treatment

** - dropped off prior to first staging or were not evaluable post-baseline for any reason

*** - Evaluable for efficacy meaning ≥ 1 treatment and ≥ 1 post baseline tumor staging

TACTI-002: Phase II of efti and pembrolizumab in 1st line metastatic NSCLC (Part A) EFFICACY

Table 5. ORR by PD-L1 subgroup*

| PD-L1 | ORR iRECIST* (%) |
|------------|------------------|
| ≥ 50 % TPS | 53.8 |
| < 50 % TPS | 31.6 |
| ≥ 1 % TPS | 44.0 |

* according to investigator read, evaluable pts only

Table 6. Overall PFS estimates by PD-L1 subgroup**

| PD-L1 | Median PFS iRECIST* (months) |
|------------|------------------------------|
| Unselected | 8.2 |
| ≥ 50 % TPS | 11.8 |
| < 1 % TPS | 4.1 |

** according to investigator read, minimum follow-up of 8.3 months, all patients stage 1 and 2 with ≥ 1 treatment

Duration of response (DOR)

- 92 % responses confirmed
- 58 % confirmed responses ongoing with 6+ months
- Responses progressed after 6.5-13.8 months
- Median DOR estimated 13+ months

Figure 1. Waterfall plot

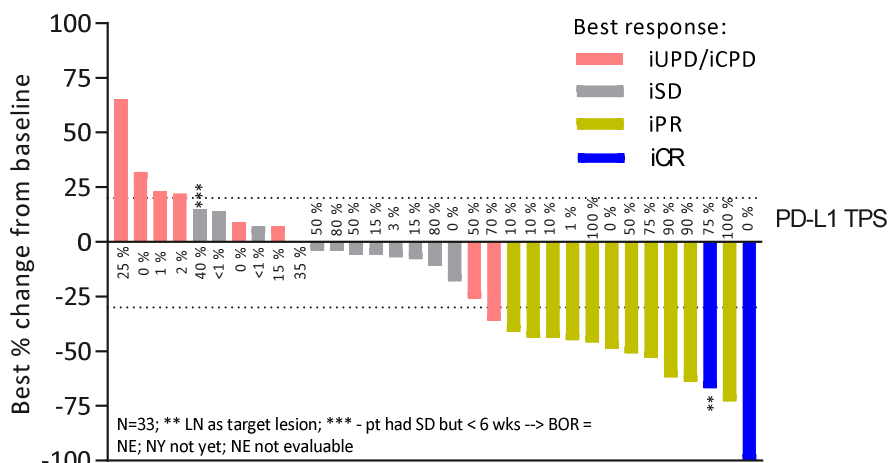
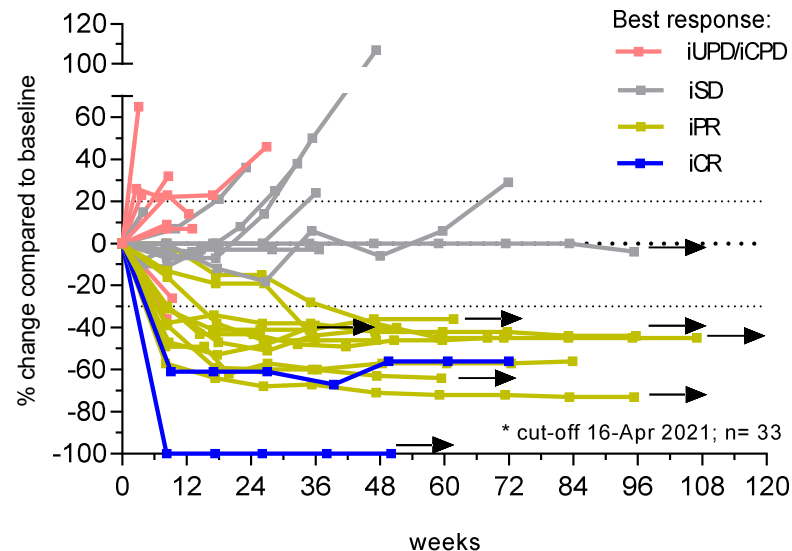


Figure 2. Spider plot



- At data cut-off, 7 pts still under therapy and 1 pt completed the 2 yrs of therapy

TACTI-002: Phase II of efi and pembrolizumab in 1st line metastatic NSCLC (Part A)

CONCLUSION

SAFETY

- Treatment with efi plus pembrolizumab is well-tolerated with no new safety signals
- 4 % of patients discontinued treatment due to AEs related to efi/pembrolizumab
- Most frequent AEs include general symptoms frequently occurring in a NSCLC patient population
- Majority of most frequent adverse events are mild to moderate
- Safety profile is similar to KN-042 (pembrolizumab monotherapy)

EFFICACY

- Encouraging ORR (41.7 % by BICR) in patients unselected for PD-L1
- Median PFS (8.2 months) in patients unselected for PD-L1 is encouraging for a chemo-free 1st line regimen
- Responses observed in all PD-L1 subgroups and responses are durable
- ORR in each PD-L1 subgroup report favorable compared to KN-042 (pembrolizumab monotherapy, PIII randomized trial)

The combination of efi plus pembrolizumab is well-tolerated, showing encouraging signs of activity supporting further clinical investigation. An extension of the study is ongoing.